

2010 U.S. Census Report 3

Deanery: Upper North East Philadelphia and Lower Bucks County (11)

Pastoral Planning Area: 100

FS: 2230 DP: 8465

St. Thomas Aquinas

1. Detailed Age Breakdown for ALL People Living Within the Parish Boundary

Church Trends	Generational/ Age	Birth Year	Age	Population Count		
				Total	Male	Female
	1,995	2006-10	under 5	1,024	550	474
	12.6 %	2001-05	5 to 9	971	504	467
Post-Vatican II	Millennial	1996-00	10 to 14	863	453	410
		1991-95	15 to 19	995	500	495
		1986-90	20 to 24	1,114	581	533
	26.4 %	1981-85	25 to 29	1,217	615	602
	10,739					
67.6 %	Gen. X	1976-80	30 to 34	1,053	539	514
		1971-75	35 to 39	1,004	486	518
		1966-70	40 to 44	1,164	594	570
	20.3 %					
		Boomer	1961-65	45 to 49	1,334	675
Vatican II		1956-60	50 to 54	1,402	727	675
		1951-55	55 to 59	1,130	576	554
	29.8 %	1946-50	60 to 64	871	418	453
	3,980					
25.1 %	Post War	1941-45	65 to 69	577	298	279
Pre-Vatican II		1936-40	70 to 74	407	186	221
		1931-35	75 to 79	296	123	173
	9.8 %	1926-30	80 to 84	272	111	161
1,168	G.I.					
	193	bef. 1925	85 and over	193	65	128
7.4 %	1.2 %					
TOTALS				15,887	8,001	7,886

Source: 2010 Census Summary File 1: 2010 Census of Population and Housing Technical Documentation. Issued June 2011.
Table: P12. SEX BY AGE

Notes:

- (a) Data are calculated by assigning each census block to a geography and aggregating all data for that geography.
- (b) Percentages may not total to 100% due to rounding.
- (c) Age reported as of April 1, 2010; Birth Year calculated by approximation.

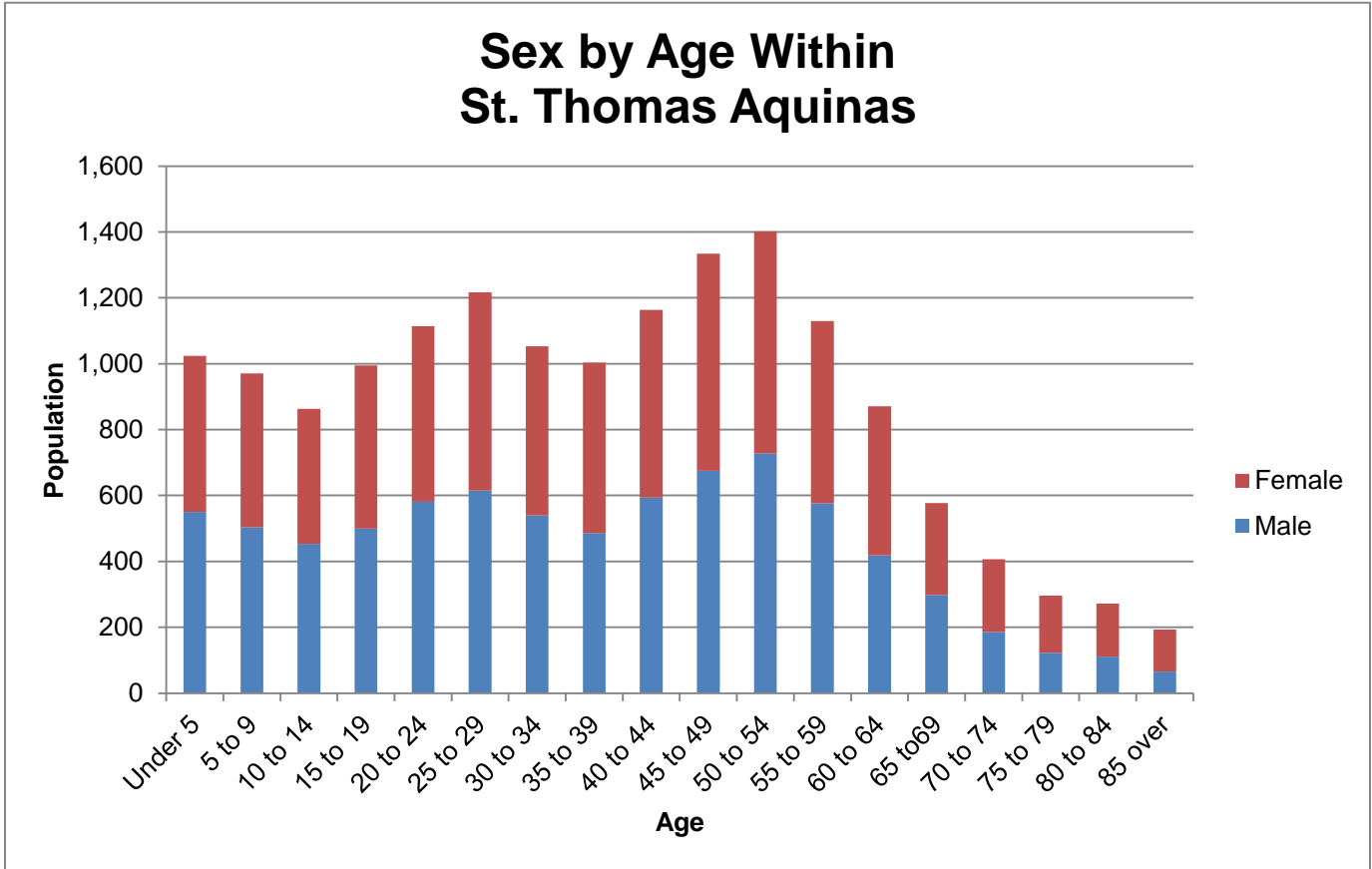
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2010 U.S. CENSUS DATA - REPORT 3

Pastoral leaders need to help people of every age and generation understand and appreciate the different gifts that each of them brings to the life of the parish. Age affects the way people think and act in two ways:

First, there is a “**life cycle experience**” of doing similar things at similar ages. We start out as children, we go to school, start working, leave home and frequently get married, have children, get older, retire, and die.

Second, there is a “**generational cohort effect**” which causes a group of people who have grown up (turned 18) around the same time to think and behave in ways that are different than their parents or their children.

Because of their ages, people differ not only in life cycle experience (some are buying houses and having babies while others are retiring and selling their houses), but also in the characteristics of their generation (some are attracted by institutions and are interested in preserving order; some are more interested in the individual and developing their own support networks).

This report describes the age of *all* the people living within the geographical territory, not just the Catholic people. It also associates the age of the people with their generation.

Characteristics of Generational Cohorts in the U.S. in 2010

G. I. Generation (age 85+) - Born 1901-1925. Age 18 between 1919-1943.

Heros

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Civic Values and Building | <input type="radio"/> Institutions Over Individuals |
| <input type="radio"/> Expanding Affluence | <input type="radio"/> Conserving Values |

This “building generation” survived the Depression and fought World War II. They then created many of the social and religious institutions of the 20th century.

Post War Generation (age 65-84) - Born 1926-1945. Age 18 between 1944-1963.

Artisans

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Loyalty to Order and Establishment | <input type="radio"/> Avoid Risk |
| <input type="radio"/> Negotiators, Adaptive | <input type="radio"/> Fine-tune change |
| <input type="radio"/> Compromise | <input type="radio"/> Preserve Values |

Sometimes called the “Silent Generation” because they conformed to the world that their elder GI’s built.

Those born before 1940 can also be seen as the “**pre Vatican II Council**” generations. The Catholic people were frequently city dwellers who experienced many forms of anti-Catholicism which they combated by forming into “Catholic ghetto(s) comprised of Catholic neighborhoods, schools, hospitals, newspapers and social groups . . . Pre Vatican II Catholics grew up with Latin Masses, novenas, Benedictions, priests facing the altar (not the people) and Gregorian chant.”

Boomer Generation (age 45-64) - Born 1946-1965. Age 18 between 1964 -1983.

Prophets

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Focused on Individual Development | <input type="radio"/> Individuals Over Institutions |
| <input type="radio"/> Idealism | <input type="radio"/> Liberal Values |
| <input type="radio"/> Start Change & Break From Past | <input type="radio"/> Risk Takers |

This generation grew up in the turbulent 1960's and 1970's and rebelled against most things established by the GI generation.

Those born between 1941 and 1960 are also known as the “**Vatican II generation.**” They grew up in the pre Vatican II Church but, in their childhood through early adult years, the changes called for in Vatican II were implemented in their parishes just as the social movements of the 1960's plunged society into turmoil. This generation is most likely to have mixed feeling about authority (vs. making up their own mind) and institutional commitment (vs. personal spirituality).

Generation X (age 30-44) - Born 1966-1980. Age 18 between 1984 -1998. *Nomads*

<input type="radio"/>	Emphasis on Autonomy	<input type="radio"/>	Reactive, Pragmatic and Creative
<input type="radio"/>	Sustaining Values	<input type="radio"/>	Self-forming Networks

This generation grew up during a period of high divorce rates, relatively low value placed on children, and serious social problems. This pragmatic group is pessimistic and interested in issues of identity. They are less likely to make long term commitments.

Millennial Generation (10-29) - (also known as Generation Y) *Civic*
 -Born 1981-2000. Age 18 between 1999 - 2018.

Also called Echo Boomers, due to the significant increase in birth rates through the 1980s and because many of them are children of boomers. Millennials grew up with technology and rely on it. They have been identified by some authors to be a confident, achievement oriented group, valuing teamwork, who seek the input and affirmation of others.

Those born since 1961 can also be recognized as “**post Vatican II Council**” generations. They have always had Mass in the language of the people. Their religious education was more likely to be conducted by lay persons, not priests or sisters. They have been encouraged to take responsibility for their own faith journeys. They are least likely to depend on Church authority and most likely to think of their faith in personal, not institutional, terms.

Note: The dividing lines between generations are rough approximations. The divisions in this report have been selected to accommodate the Census data available and approximate generational groups identified by various authors.

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